UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

TRACEE STINEDURF,) CASE NO. 4:19-cv-485
PLAINTIFF,)) JUDGE SARA LIOI
vs.) MEMORANDUM OPINION) AND ORDER
COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL) AND ORDER)
SECURITY,)
)
DEFENDANT.)

Before the Court is the joint stipulation of the parties for an award to plaintiff under the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412 ("EAJA"), of \$3,300.00 in attorney's fees and \$0.00 in costs. (Doc. No. 21.) For the reasons set forth herein, the stipulation is approved.

I. BACKGROUND

On March 5, 2019, plaintiff filed this action seeking judicial review of defendant's denial of her application for supplemental security income benefits ("SSI") under Title XVI of the Social Security Act. (Doc. No. 1.) On January 6, 2020, this Court vacated the administrative decision and remanded to the Commissioner with directions that the ALJ conduct further consideration. (*See* Doc. No. 17.) The parties filed this joint motion for an award of attorney's fees under the EAJA On February 11, 2020. (Doc. No. 21).

¹ The Court notes that the joint motion seeks an award of "\$3,300.00 in EAJA fees and \$0 in costs." (Doc. No. 21 at 1119.) But the itemized statement appended to the motion indicates fees and costs totaling \$3,466.55. (*See* Doc No. 21-1 at 1122.) Because of this discrepancy, the Court presumes the amount sought in the motion—\$3,300—is the true amount plaintiff seeks to recover.

II. DISCUSSION

The EAJA requires the government to pay a prevailing plaintiff's attorney fees and costs "unless the court finds that the position of the United States was substantially justified or that special circumstances make an award unjust." 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A); see Howard v. Barnhart, 376 F.3d 551, 554 (6th Cir. 2004). There is no dispute here that the government's position was not substantially justified and that plaintiff is the "prevailing party" under the EAJA. See Hammock v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec., No. 1:12-CV-250, 2015 WL 7292750, at *1 (S.D. Ohio Oct. 26, 2015), report and recommendation adopted sub nom Hammock v. Acting Comm'r of Soc. Sec., No. 1:12-CV-250, 2015 WL 7276087 (S.D. Ohio Nov. 18, 2015) ("A plaintiff who wins a remand of her social security appeal in this Court is a 'prevailing party[.]").

Although the parties have stipulated to the amount of an award, the Court must still examine it for reasonableness. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A) ("fees and other expenses" includes, *inter alia*, "reasonable attorney fees"). The EAJA provides that the amount of an attorney fee award shall be based upon prevailing market rates, but shall not exceed \$125 per hour, unless the Court determines that the cost of living or special factors justifies a higher fee. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii).

Documentation submitted by the parties shows 17.70 hours of legal services performed between January 24, 2019 and January 9, 2020, including the typical legal services of reviewing the administrative record, reviewing medical records, telephone calls, briefing, reviewing court orders, and the like. The Court finds both the amount and the nature of these legal services to be reasonable.

Plaintiff's counsel indicates a billing rate of \$195.85/hour. (Doc. No. 21-1.) That rate would be an upward departure from the \$125.00 statutory cap. It is common, although not required, to adjust the statutory hourly rate to account for cost of living increases since 1996, the time when that rate was last capped. *See Gisbrecht v. Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789, 796 n. 4, 122 S. Ct. 1817, 152 L. Ed. 2d 996 (2002) ("A higher fee may be awarded if 'the court determines that an increase in the cost of living ... justifies a higher fee.") (quoting 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii)); *see also Hutchinson v. Colvin*, No. 1:15-cv-1144, 2016 WL 6777804, at *2 (N.D. Ohio Nov. 16, 2016) (examining the appropriateness of a cost of living increase).

The Court finds that the \$3,300.00 stipulated award is both reasonable and adequately reflective of the "prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of services furnished[.]" 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A). As the parties recognize in their stipulation, this award will be in full satisfaction of any and all of plaintiff's claims for fees, costs, and expenses, and is subject to setoff to satisfy any pre-existing debt owed by plaintiff to the United States. *See Astrue v. Ratliff*, 560 U.S. 586, 130 S. Ct. 2521, 177 L. Ed. 2d 91 (2010).

Defendant is directed to determine, within 30 days from the date of this order, whether plaintiff owes any pre-existing debt to the United States, to offset any such debt against the award granted herein, and to direct payment of the award (or the balance thereof) to plaintiff's attorney.

III. CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth herein, the Court grants the parties' joint stipulation and petition (Doc. No. 21) for an award to plaintiff pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2412 in the amount of \$3,300.00 in attorney's fees, and this amount shall be paid in accordance with the procedure outlined above.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: February 24, 2020

HONORABLE SARA LIOI UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE